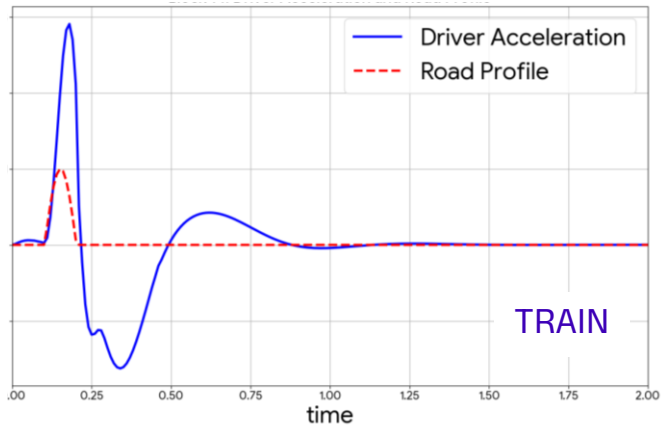


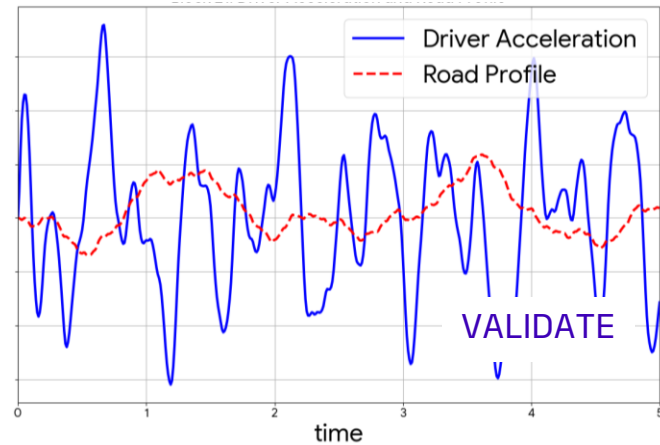
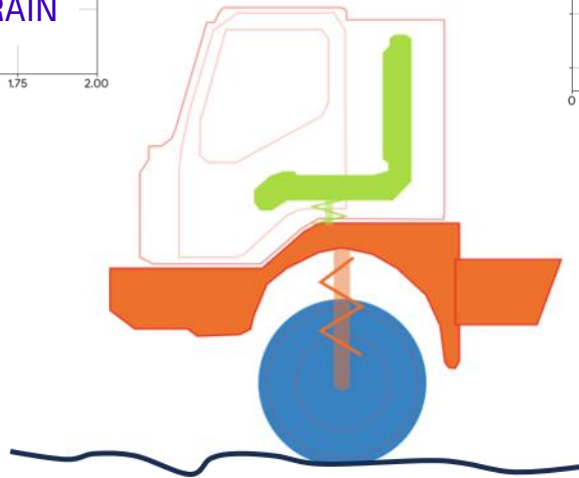
Governed by PHYSICS, driven by DATA:

Orchestrating the SMART Prototype Lifecycle with AI AGENTS

2026 SMART PROTOTYPES SUMMIT – Udine, MAY 19th-22nd, 2026

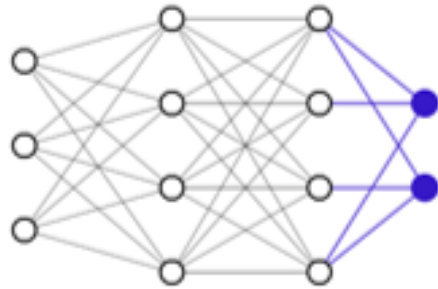


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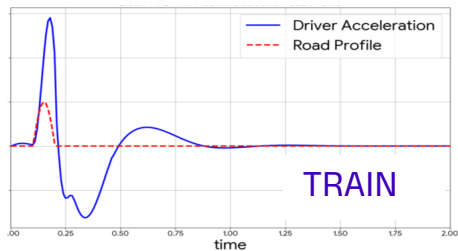
SMART

DATA

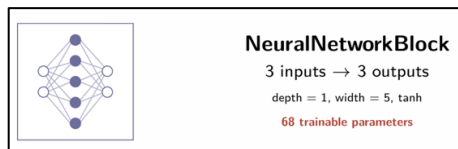


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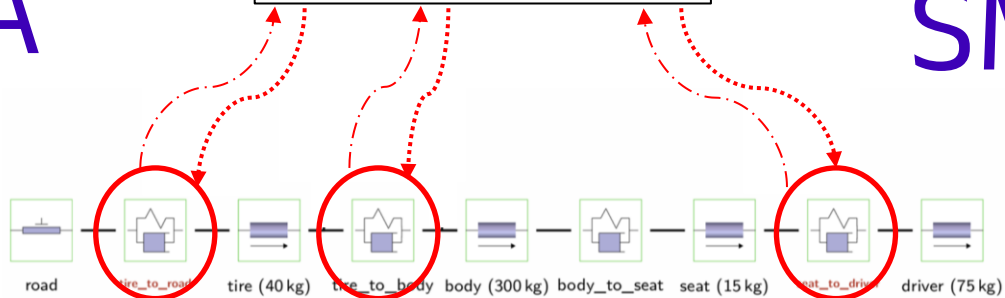
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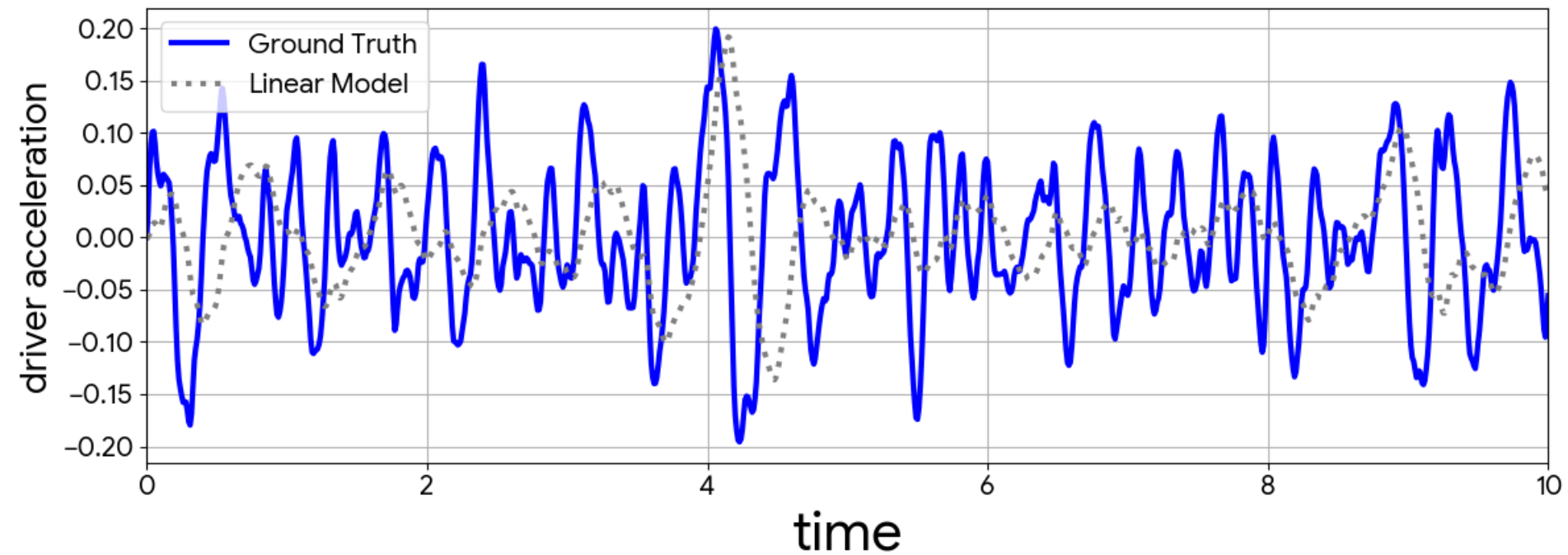
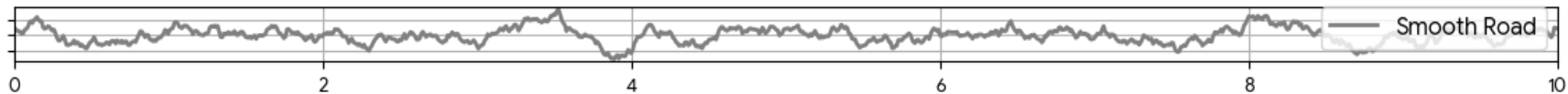
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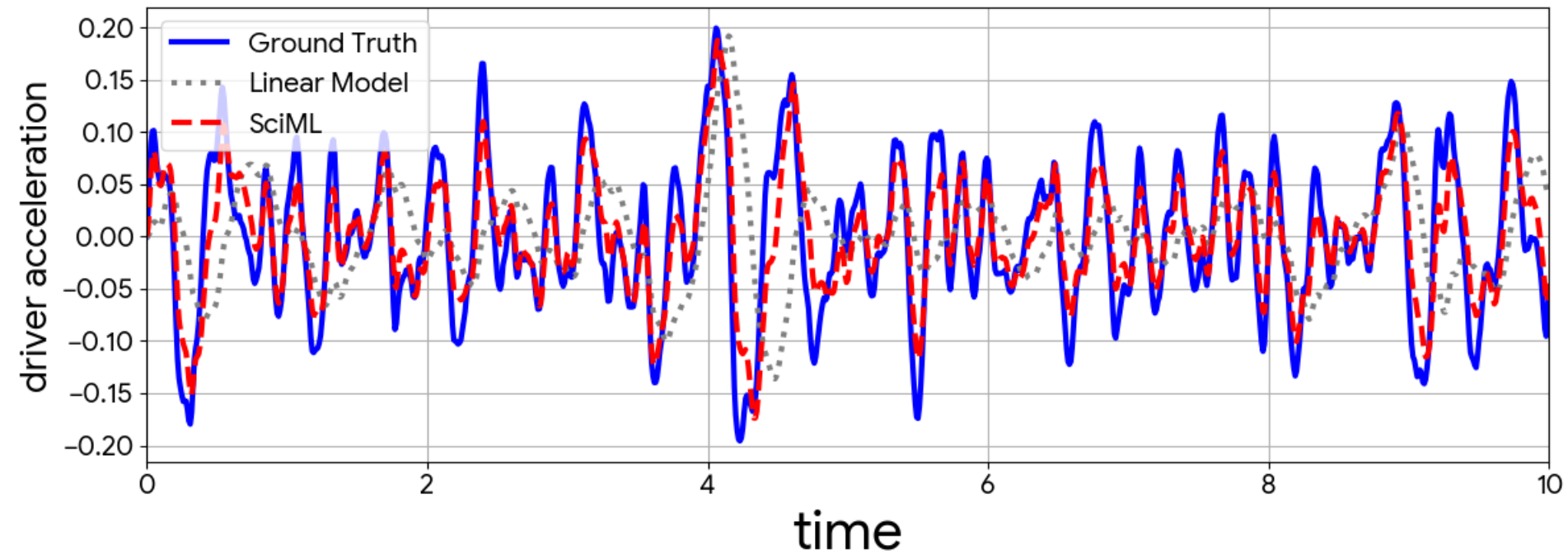
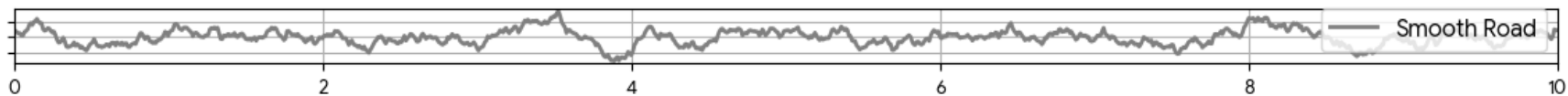


SMART



PHYSICS

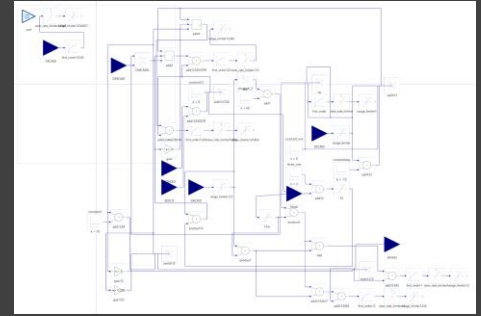
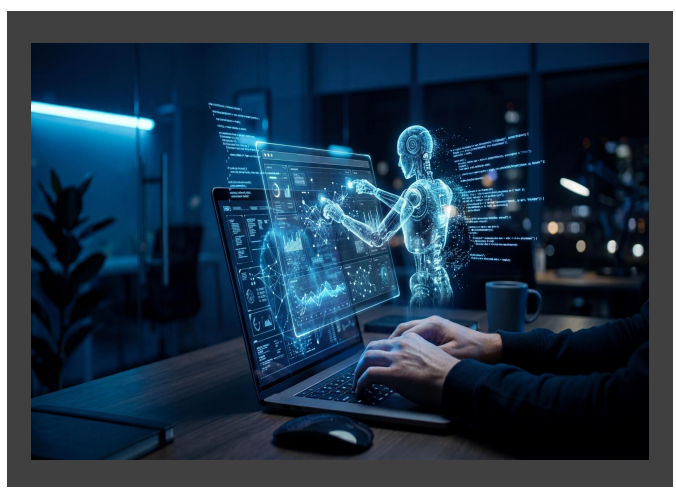




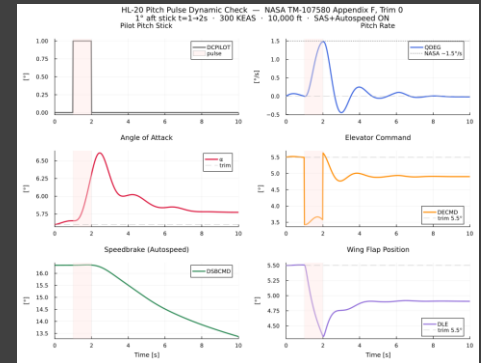


```
function main() {  
  // Main logic  
  // ...  
}
```

```
const data = {  
  name: 'John',  
  age: 30,  
  email: 'john@example.com'  
};  
  
const greet = (name) => {  
  return `Hello, ${name}!`  
};  
  
const greetJohn = greet(data.name);  
console.log(greetJohn);
```



Symbols	
All forces and moments are referred to the body axis system. See figures 2 and 3 for body and axis sign conventions and control-surface nomenclature, respectively.	
h	reference span, ft
l	reference length, ft
C_A	axial-force coefficient (+ indicates force in aft direction)
C_l	rolling-moment coefficient
C_m	pitching-moment coefficient
C_N	normal-force coefficient (+ indicates force in up direction)
C_y	yawing-moment coefficient
C_X	axial-force coefficient (+ indicates force in forward direction)
C_Y	side-force coefficient
C_Z	normal-force coefficient (+ indicates force in down direction)
F_X, F_Y, F_Z	aerodynamic force in X, Y, and Z direction, respectively
h	height of center of gravity above ground, ft
M	Mach number
M_X, M_Y, M_Z	moment about X, Y, and Z axis, respectively
P, Q, R	roll, pitch, and yaw rate, respectively
S	reference area, ft ²
α	angle of attack, deg (+ indicates aircraft nose up)
β	angle of sideslip, deg (+ indicates aircraft nose left)
	(+ indicates trailing edge down)
$\delta_{b, \downarrow}$	lower right body-flap deflection, deg (+ indicates trailing edge down)
$\delta_{b, \uparrow}$	upper left body-flap deflection, deg (+ indicates trailing edge down)
$\delta_{b, \downarrow}$	upper right body-flap deflection, deg (+ indicates trailing edge down)
$\delta_{b, \uparrow}$	lower left body-flap deflection, deg (+ indicates trailing edge down)
$\delta_{g, 0}$	landing-gear position, deg (0 = up, 90 = down)
δ_r	rudder deflection, deg (+ indicates trailing edge left)
$\delta_{w, \downarrow}$	left wing-flap deflection, deg (+ indicates trailing edge down)
$\delta_{w, \uparrow}$	right wing-flap deflection, deg (+ indicates trailing edge down)
$\delta_{w, \downarrow}$	differential body-flap deflection, deg (+ indicates right wing down)
$\delta_{w, \uparrow}$	differential body-flap deflection, deg (+ indicates right wing down)
Subscript:	
o	basic configuration
GE	ground effect
Abbreviations:	
ANL	aircraft nose left
ANR	aircraft nose right
ANU	aircraft nose up
RWD	right wing down
TEL	trailing edge down
TEU	trailing edge up
Model Description	
Origin of Data	
	Most data for this model originated from wind tunnel tests. Low-speed ($M = 0.08$) data were obtained in the Langley 30 by 60-Foot Tunnel; higher



BYOD

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